CITY OF BRIDGETON FIRE DEPARTMENT

Check Number: ____



Certificate of Smoke Detector/Carbon Monoxide Detector and

<i>I</i>		and	
F	ire Extingui	sher Compliance	
	(as required l	by N.J.A.C. 5:70-2.3)	
PROPERTY INFORMATION		, "# -	
Owner Name:			
Street Address:			
City/State/Zip:		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Phone Number:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Block and Lot Number of Property:	Block	Lot	
REALTOR/AGENT INFORMATIO	<u>N</u>		
Realtor/Agent Name:			
City/State/Zip:			
Phone Number:			
Fax Number:		MANUFACTURE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY	
FEE/PAYMENT INFORMATION			·
	ess days notice susiness days notice no show inspections st	hall be the same fee schedule as initial inspection	
Payment must be made in the for	m of check or money	y order made payable to City of Bridgeton Fire De	epartment.
Payment must be received at the	time of the inspectio	<u>on.</u>	
N.J.A.C. 5:70-2.3	·	perty meets or exceeds the requirements of	
Inspector:			
	FOR OFF	FICE USE ONLY	
Application received by:	Date:	Date of Inspection:	

Passed

Failed

WHERE TO LOCATE DETECTORS:

Detectors are to be located on every level of a residence, (basement, first floor, second floor) excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics, and in every separate sleeping area, between sleeping areas and living areas such as the kitchen, garage, basement or utility room. In homes with only one sleeping area on one floor, a detector is to be placed in the hallway outside the bedrooms as shown in Figure 1. In single floor homes with two separate sleeping areas, two detectors are required, outside each sleeping area as shown in Figure 2. In multi-level homes, detectors are to be located outside sleeping areas and at every finished level of the home as shown in Figure 3. Basement level detectors are to be located in close proximity to the bottom of basement stairwells as shown in Figure 4.

WHERE NOT TO LOCATE DETECTORS:

To avoid false alarms and/or improper operation, avoid installation of smoke detectors in the following areas:

Kitchens-smoke from cooking may cause a nuisance alarm.

Bathrooms-excessive steam from a shower may cause a nuisance alarm.

Near forced air ducts-used for heating or air conditioning-air movement may prevent smoke from reaching detector.

Near furnaces of any type-air and dust movement and normal combustion products may cause a nuisance alarm.

The 4 inch "Dead Air" space where the ceiling meets the wall, as shown in Figure 5.

The peak of an "A" frame type of ceiling-"Dead Air" at the top may prevent smoke from reaching detector.

FURTHER INFORMATION ON DETECTOR PLACEMENT:

For further information about smoke detector placement consult the National Protection Association's Standard No. 74-1984, titled "Household Fire Warning Equipment." For Carbon monoxide alarms, their publication is Recommended Practice #720. These publications may be obtained by writing to the Publication Sales Department, National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA. 02269.

CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS are to be located in every separate sleeping area per NFPA 720 and manufacturer's recommendations.

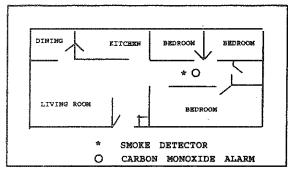


Figure 1

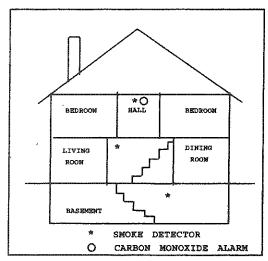


Figure 3

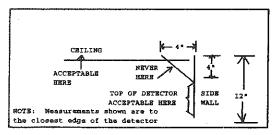


Figure 5

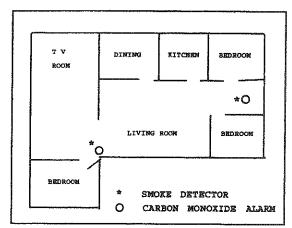


Figure 2

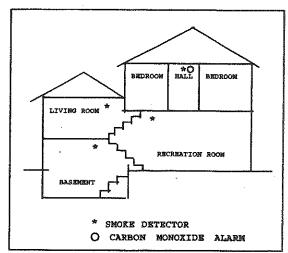


Figure 4